



Country card

**Pakistan**





# General data of the country

## a. General Data

Country <sup>1</sup>	Pakistan	Neighbouring country (India)	France
Capital	Islamabad	New Delhi	Paris
Population	216.565.318 Millions	1,366.4 Millions	67.05 Millions
IHDI	0.386	0.477	0.809
HDI	0.560	0.647	0.809
Gender-related Development Index	0.75	0.83	0.98
GINI	33.5	37.8	31.6
Population within UNHCR Mandate	1.404.019	195.891	368.352
Maternal mortality ratio	250	170	10
INFORM Index	6.1	5.3	2.2
Mine victims	122 (2016)	N/A	N/A <sup>2</sup>

## b. Humanitarian Law instruments ratified by the country

Humanitarian law instruments	Status
Mine Ban Treaty	not signed
Convention on Cluster Munitions	not signed
UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities	Ratified 2011
UN convention on refugees and its protocol	not signed

<sup>1</sup> [https://hinside.hi.org/intranet/jcms/pl1\\_2540344/en/2020-update-country-indicators-2ndary-data/-/donnees-secondaires-mises-a-jour](https://hinside.hi.org/intranet/jcms/pl1_2540344/en/2020-update-country-indicators-2ndary-data/-/donnees-secondaires-mises-a-jour)

<sup>2</sup> <http://the-monitor.org/en-gb/reports/2019/landmine-monitor-2019/casualties.aspx>



### c. Geopolitical analysis

Despite recent economic growth, Pakistan remains one of the lowest performing countries in South Asia in terms of the human development indicators. The persistence of conflict in the border areas represents a security challenge that detrimentally affects local populations. International relations are also a persistent issue, specifically with regards to bordering nations India and Afghanistan – with whom Pakistan has unresolved border disputes and occasional military incidents.

The country has a long history of taking in refugees: Approximately 1.4 million registered Afghan refugees are resident amongst host communities in Pakistan. Pakistan is also regularly affected by natural disasters; in 2005, an earthquake displaced three million persons, and in 2010 more than 20 million persons were affected by severe flooding.

Economically, Pakistan is considered as a middle-income developing country still, huge income disparities prevail as the inflation rate has been on the rise causing decrease in the power of Pakistani Rupee and spike in key commodities prices, further exaggerating the differences between the rich and poor.



# HI Team and intervention areas

The HI Pakistan program has 31 staff members.

## Pakistan





# Summary of HI presence in the country

HI has a proven track record of delivering effective development projects in Pakistan, starting from the 1980s to late 1990s to address the needs of Afghans refugees.

In 2008, HI underwent a strategic review, concluding that mainstreaming of disability in all aspects of life in Pakistan was far from being achieved. The Government of Pakistan also endorsed the review, and by signing the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, opened new doors of opportunity to address the Shortfalls.

Since 2009, HI has been supporting internally displaced persons (IDPs) in the northern and southern regions of the KP (Swat, Kohat, Bannu, Di Khan, Tank).

During 2014-2015 HI implemented two short-term projects focusing on enabling access to basic life-saving services for persons with disabilities and the elderly in Bannu, Lakki Marwat and Karak. More than 9.000 beneficiaries, particularly persons with disabilities, their caregivers and service providers were reached.

Continuing on HI skills and experience, knowing gaps and needs in Pakistan and based on evaluation of more than 30 years delivering development projects in Pakistan Handicap International Pakistan has developed the 5 year Country Program Framework in 2016. The operational framework integrates and incorporates inclusive approaches focusing on the following five pillars:

1. Inclusive education (educational system is more inclusive for boys and girls and young women with disabilities)
2. Health and prevention (prevention and mitigation measures to effectively reduce risks and/or impact of impairments)
3. Relief and Inclusive Disaster Risk Management
4. Technical assistance to Pakistan Government and International Organizations, I/NGOs, CSOs etc., to ensure disability mainstreaming
5. Gender and women empowerment



# Overview on ongoing projects

## Sectors of services where HI conducts projects and focus on beneficiaries and operational partnerships

Main sectors of intervention	Objective of project in the sector	Main activities	Beneficiaries	Final beneficiaries	Partner	Location	Dates of beginning and end of the project and donors funding it
<b>Provision of Integrated and Inclusive Health Assistance to Afghan Refugees and Host Communities</b>	To contribute to an inclusive, better and safer living environment for Afghan refugees and host communities in Pakistan and to fight back with deadly pandemic of COVID 19 through	<p>In the partnership with ICMC, HI is providing PHC through OPD, Mother &amp; Child Health (MCH), facility based safe deliveries at 02 24/7 BEmONC centers.</p> <p>The project provides technical backstopping to technical staff and supplies for PHC and MCH services to improve the quality of life and awareness-raising on COVID-19.</p> <p>The project is building the capacities of the stakeholders to provide the inclusive quality care services with dignity. The project also proposes an emergency response to COVID-19 via</p>	161,000 Afghan refugees and host communities living in 11 refugee camps and nearby in the 6 target districts of KP	Afghan Refugees	International Catholic Migration Commission (ICMC)	District Peshawar, Nowshera  Chārsadda, Buner & Chitral	1 <sup>st</sup> June, 2019 To 02 March, 2022



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	specialized health care services provision	support to target beneficiaries and government authorities including through High Dependency Unit (HDU) and Intensive Care Unit (ICU) under public-private partnership to provide critical health services and contribute to public health systems strengthening.					
<b>Empowering women with disabilities</b>	Enhance the capacities of authorities to implement CRPD and to empower women with disabilities	Capacity building of respective departments on UNCRPD, Inclusion	240 women with disabilities 50 respective stakeholders along with the DPOs	240 Women with disabilities	Ministry of MOHR, Chamber of commerce, social welfare ILO, UNV, UN Women, P&D	Peshawar, Karachi and Islamabad	01 August, 2018 To 15 sept. 2020
<b>Women Integrated Sexual Health (WISH)</b>	To ensure equitable access to family planning and sexual and reproductive health and rights (SRHR) among young	WISH2ACTION is a comprehensive, Integrated approach to ensure equitable access to family planning and sexual and reproductive health and Rights (SRHR) funded by DFID implemented in a consortium of Rahnuma-Family Planning Association of Pakistan (R-FPAP)	Project partners, DPOs and persons with disabilities in 10 target districts	Women and men with and without disabilities	FPAP, Options Consultants	District Rawalpindi, Chakwāl, Faisalabad, Haripur, Kohāt, MuzaffargarhB adin, Quetta Mardan & Muzaffarabad	07 Sept,2018 To 06 Sept, 2021



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	marginalized and people with disabilities in Pakistan						
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## Donors

